## Integrating Substance Use Screening into Adolescent Well Visits: A Summary for Pediatricians

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Substance use screening is a critical component of adolescent preventive care. The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) recommend universal screening for substance use beginning at age 12.

## **Evidence-Based Screening Tools:**

- <u>CRAFFT 2.1+N</u>: A validated, adolescent-specific tool designed for ages 12–21. It includes a pre-screen (Part A) and, if positive, six risk behavior questions (Part B). The "+N" version includes questions about nicotine and vaping.
- **BSTAD** (**Brief Screener for Tobacco, Alcohol, and Drugs**): Validated for ages 12–17, assesses frequency of use over the past year and helps identify levels of risk.
- <u>S2BI (Screening to Brief Intervention)</u>: Validated for ages 12–17, this tool asks about the <u>frequency of past-year use</u> of tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, and other substances to categorize risk level and guide next steps

## **Implementation Tips:**

- In the primary care setting its helpful to choose 1 tool the practice will use a whole and ensure clinicians and staff are aware to consider how it can be integrated into the work flow via paper or verbal screening during the well visit.
- Administer privately and confidentially, ideally in written or electronic format, before the clinical encounter.
- Begin with **normalizing language**, e.g., "I ask all my patients these questions to better understand their health."
- Review responses nonjudgmentally. Use motivational interviewing to explore use, reinforce healthy choices, and assess readiness to change if needed.
- A **positive screen** (any past-year use or risk behavior) should be followed by a brief intervention and, if appropriate, referral to treatment.

By integrating tools like CRAFFT or S2BI into annual visits, pediatricians can identify early use, provide timely counseling, and support adolescent health.

## Use the 5 R's talking points for brief counseling.



REVIEW screening results

For each "yes" response: "Can you tell me more about that?"





"As your doctor (nurse/health care provider), my recommendation is not to use any alcohol, nicotine, marijuana or other drug because they can: 1) Harm your developing brain; 2) Interfere with learning and memory, and 3) Put you in embarrassing or dangerous situations."

RIDING/DRIVING risk counseling



"Motor vehicle crashes are the leading cause of death for young people. I give all my patients the Contract for Life. Please take it home and discuss it with your parents/guardians to create a plan for safe rides home."



RESPONSE elicit self-motivational statements

Non-users: "If someone asked you why you don't drink, vape, or use tobacco or drugs, what would you say?" Users: "What would be some of the benefits of not using?"



REINFORCE self-efficacy

"I believe you have what it takes to keep substance use from getting in the way of achieving your goals."

Give patient Contract for Life. Available at www.crafft.org/contract